CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2510

Chapter 249, Laws of 1994

(partial veto)

53rd Legislature 1994 Regular Session

REGULATORY REFORM

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/9/94 - Except Section 10 which takes effect 7/1/94

Passed by the House March 10, 1994 Yeas 62 Nays 34

BRIAN EBERSOLE

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 10, 1994 Yeas 26 Nays 22

CERTIFICATE

I, Marilyn Showalter, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2510** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

JOEL PRITCHARD

MARILYN SHOWALTER

President of the Senate

Chief Clerk

Approved April 1, 1994, with the exception of sections 4, 5, 6, 13, 16(2), 20, 23, 25, 34, and 35, which are vetoed.

April 1, 1994 - 11:11 a.m.

FILED

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2510

AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

Passed Legislature - 1994 Regular Session

State of Washington

53rd Legislature

1994 Regular Session

By House Committee on Appropriations (originally sponsored by Representatives R. Meyers, Reams, Brough, Dorn, Dunshee, Johanson, Pruitt, Shin, Zellinsky, Carlson, R. Johnson, J. Kohl, Karahalios, Basich, Jones, Bray, R. Fisher, Holm, Moak, Sheldon, Valle, Chappell, Eide, Wolfe, B. Thomas, Dyer, King, G. Fisher, L. Johnson, Dellwo, Ogden, Roland, Grant, Jacobsen, Quall, Rayburn, Morris, Romero, Rust, Kremen, Conway, Linville, Patterson, Forner, Long, Mielke, Springer, Cothern, Kessler, H. Myers, Tate, Backlund, Cooke, Wood and Mastin; by request of Governor Lowry)

Read first time 02/08/94.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to implementation of the recommendations of the
- 2 governor's task force on regulatory reform; amending RCW 34.05.310,
- 3 34.05.370, 34.05.350, 34.05.330, 34.05.325, 34.05.355, 19.85.020,
- 4 34.05.320, 34.05.620, 34.05.630, 34.05.640, 34.05.660, 34.05.220,
- 5 34.05.534, 36.70A.290, 36.70A.110, 36.70A.210, 36.70A.250, 36.70A.260,
- 6 36.70A.280, 36.70A.310, and 36.70A.345; reenacting and amending RCW
- 7 19.85.030 and 19.85.040; adding new sections to chapter 34.05 RCW;
- 8 adding new sections to chapter 19.85 RCW; adding a new section to
- 9 chapter 43.31 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW; adding a
- 10 new section to chapter 36.01 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW
- 11 19.85.010, 19.85.060, 19.85.080, 34.05.670, and 34.05.680; prescribing
- 12 penalties; and providing an effective date.
- 13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 14 **Sec. 1.** RCW 34.05.310 and 1993 c 202 s 2 are each amended to read
- 15 as follows:
- 16 (1) To meet the intent of providing greater public access to
- 17 administrative rule making and to promote consensus among interested
- 18 parties, agencies ((are encouraged to:

- (1)) shall solicit comments from the public on a subject of possible rule making before publication of a notice of proposed rule adoption under RCW 34.05.320. ((This process can be accomplished by having a notice published in the state register of the subject under active consideration and indicating where, when, and how persons may comment; and)) The agency shall prepare a statement of intent that:
 - (a) States the specific statutory authority for the new rule;
- 8 (b) Identifies the reasons the new rule is needed;
 - (c) Identifies the goals of the new rule;
- 10 (d) Describes the process by which the rule will be developed,
- 11 including, but not limited to, negotiated rule making, pilot rule
- 12 <u>making</u>, or agency study; and

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- 13 <u>(e) Specifies the process by which interested parties can</u> 14 effectively participate in the formulation of the new rule.
- The statement of intent shall be filed with the code reviser for publication in the state register and shall be sent to any party that has requested receipt of the agency's statements of intent.
- (2) Agencies are encouraged to develop and use new procedures for reaching agreement among interested parties before publication of notice and the adoption hearing on a proposed rule. Examples of new procedures include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) Negotiated rule making which includes:
- 23 <u>(i)</u> Identifying individuals and organizations that have a 24 recognized interest in or will be significantly affected by the 25 adoption of the proposed rule;
- 26 (((b))) <u>(ii)</u> Soliciting participation by persons who are capable, 27 willing, and appropriately authorized to enter into such negotiations;
- (((c))) <u>(iii)</u> Assuring that participants fully recognize the consequences of not participating in the process, are committed to negotiate in good faith, and recognize the alternatives available to other parties;
- ((\(\frac{(d)}{d}\))) (iv) Establishing guidelines to encourage consideration of all pertinent issues, to set reasonable completion deadlines, and to provide fair and objective settlement of disputes that may arise;
- $((\frac{(e)}{(e)}))$ (v) Agreeing on a reasonable time period during which the agency will be bound to the rule resulting from the negotiations without substantive amendment; and
- (((f))) (vi) Providing a mechanism by which one or more parties may withdraw from the process or the negotiations may be terminated if it

- 1 appears that consensus cannot be reached on a draft rule that
- 2 accommodates the needs of the agency, interested parties, and the
- 3 general public and conforms to the legislative intent of the statute
- 4 that the rule is intended to implement; and
- 5 (b) Pilot rule making which includes testing the draft of a
- 6 proposed rule through the use of volunteer pilot study groups in
- 7 <u>various areas and circumstances.</u>
- 8 (3)(a) An agency must make a determination whether negotiated rule
- 9 making, pilot rule making, or another process for generating
- 10 participation from interested parties prior to development of the rule
- 11 <u>is appropriate</u>.
- 12 (b) An agency must include a written justification in the rule-
- 13 making file if an opportunity for interested parties to participate in
- 14 the rule-making process prior to publication of the proposed rule has
- 15 <u>not been provided</u>.
- 16 **Sec. 2.** RCW 34.05.370 and 1988 c 288 s 313 are each amended to 17 read as follows:
- 18 (1) Each agency shall maintain an official rule-making file for
- 19 each rule that it (a) proposes by publication in the state register, or
- 20 (b) adopts. The file and materials incorporated by reference shall be
- 21 available for public inspection.
- 22 (2) The agency rule-making file shall contain all of the following:
- 23 (a) Copies of all publications in the state register with respect
- 24 to the rule or the proceeding upon which the rule is based;
- 25 (b) Copies of any portions of the agency's public rule-making
- 26 docket containing entries relating to the rule or the proceeding on
- 27 which the rule is based;
- 28 (c) All written petitions, requests, submissions, and comments
- 29 received by the agency and all other written material regarded by the
- 30 agency as important to adoption of the rule or the proceeding on which
- 31 the rule is based;
- 32 (d) Any official transcript of oral presentations made in the
- 33 proceeding on which the rule is based or, if not transcribed, any tape
- 34 recording or stenographic record of them, and any memorandum prepared
- 35 by a presiding official summarizing the contents of those
- 36 presentations;
- 37 (e) The concise explanatory statement required by RCW 34.05.355;

- 1 (f) All petitions for exceptions to, amendment of, or repeal or 2 suspension of, the rule; ((and))
- (g) Citations to data, factual information, studies, or reports on which the agency relies in the adoption of the rule, indicating where such data, factual information, studies, or reports are available for review by the public;
- 7 (h) The written summary and response required by RCW 34.05.325(6); 8 and
- 9 (i) Any other material placed in the file by the agency.
- (3) Internal agency documents are exempt from inclusion in the rule-making file under subsection (2) of this section to the extent they constitute preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intraagency memoranda in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended, except that a specific document is not exempt from inclusion when it is publicly cited by an agency in connection with its decision.
- 17 (4) Upon judicial review, the file required by this section 18 constitutes the official agency rule-making file with respect to that 19 rule. Unless otherwise required by another provision of law, the 20 official agency rule-making file need not be the exclusive basis for 21 agency action on that rule.
- 22 **Sec. 3.** RCW 34.05.350 and 1989 c 175 s 10 are each amended to read 23 as follows:
- 24 (1) If an agency for good cause finds:
- 25 (a) That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is 26 necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general 27 welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and 28 opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be 29 contrary to the public interest; or
- 30 (b) That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline 31 for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a 32 rule,
- 33 the agency may dispense with those requirements and adopt, amend, or
- repeal the rule on an emergency basis. The agency's finding and a concise statement of the reasons for its finding shall be incorporated
- 36 in the order for adoption of the emergency rule or amendment filed with
- 37 the office of the code reviser under RCW 34.05.380 and with the rules
- 38 review committee.

- (2) An emergency rule adopted under this section takes effect upon filing with the code reviser, unless a later date is specified in the order of adoption, and may not remain in effect for longer than one hundred twenty days after filing. Identical or substantially similar emergency rules may not be adopted in sequence unless conditions have changed or the agency has filed notice of its intent to adopt the rule as a permanent rule, and is actively undertaking the appropriate procedures to adopt the rule as a permanent rule. This section does not relieve any agency from compliance with any law requiring that its permanent rules be approved by designated persons or bodies before they become effective.
- (3) Within seven days after the rule is adopted, any person may 12 13 petition the governor requesting the immediate repeal of a rule adopted 14 on an emergency basis by any department listed in RCW 43.17.010. 15 Within seven days after submission of the petition, the governor shall either deny the petition in writing, stating his or her reasons for the 16 denial, or order the immediate repeal of the rule. In ruling on the 17 petition, the governor shall consider only whether the conditions in 18 19 subsection (1) of this section were met such that adoption of the rule on an emergency basis was necessary. If the governor orders the repeal 20 of the emergency rule, any sanction imposed based on that rule is void. 21 This subsection shall not be construed to prohibit adoption of any rule 22 23 <u>as a permanent rule.</u>
- 24 (4) In adopting an emergency rule, the agency shall comply with 25 section 4 of this act or provide a written explanation for its failure 26 to do so.
- *NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 34.05 RCW under the subchapter heading Part III to read as follows:
- (1) In addition to other requirements imposed by law, an agency may adopt a rule only if it determines that:
 - (a) The rule is needed;

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- (b) The likely benefits of the rule justify its likely costs;
- 33 (c) There are no reasonable alternatives to the rule that were 34 presented during the public comment period that would be as effective 35 but less burdensome on those required to comply;
- (d) Any fee imposed will generate no more revenue than is necessary to achieve the objectives of the statute authorizing the fee;

- (e) The rule does not conflict with any other provision of federal 1 2 or state law;
- 3 (f) Any overlap or duplication of the rule with any other provision 4 of federal or state law is necessary to achieve the objectives of the statute upon which the rule is based or expressly authorized by 5 6 statute;
 - (g) Any difference between the rule and any provision of federal law regulating the same activity or subject matter is necessary to achieve the objectives of the statute upon which the rule is based or expressly authorized by statute; and
- (h) Any difference between the rule's application to public and 11 private entities is necessary to achieve the objectives of the statute 12 13 upon which the rule is based or expressly authorized by statute.
- The agency shall prepare a written description of its 14 15 determinations under subsection (1) of this section. This description 16 shall be part of the official rule-making file for the rule.
- (3) This section applies only to a rule the violation of which subjects a person to a penalty or administrative sanction; that 19 establishes, alters, or revokes a qualification or standard for the issuance, suspension, or revocation of a license to pursue a commercial activity, trade, or profession; or that establishes, alters, or revokes a mandatory standard for a product or material that must be met before distribution or sale.
- 24 *Sec. 4 was vetoed, see message at end of chapter.
- 25 *NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 34.05 RCW 26 to read as follows:
- 27 (1) Within a reasonable period of time after adopting rules covered by section 4 of this act, an agency shall have a rule implementation 28 plan for rules filed under each adopting order. 29 The plan shall 30 describe how the agency intends to: (a) Inform and educate affected persons about the rule; (b) promote voluntary compliance; and (c) 31 32 evaluate whether the rule achieves the purpose for which it was 33 adopted.
- (2) After the adoption of a rule covered by section 4 of this act 34 35 regulating the same activity or subject matter as another provision of 36 federal or state law, an agency shall do all of the following:

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- 1 (a) Provide to the business assistance center a list citing by 2 reference the other federal and state laws that regulate the same 3 activity or subject matter;
- (b) Coordinate implementation and enforcement of the rule with the other federal and state entities regulating the same activity or subject matter by making every effort to do one or more of the following: (i) Defer to the other entity; (ii) designate a lead agency; or (iii) enter into an agreement with the other entities specifying how the agency and entities will coordinate implementation and enforcement.

 If the agency is unable to do this, the agency shall report to the
- (c) Report to the joint administrative rules review committee: (i)
 The existence of any overlap or duplication of other federal or state
 laws, any differences from federal law, and any known overlap,
 duplication, or conflict with local laws; and (ii) legislation that may
 be necessary to eliminate or mitigate any adverse effects of such
 overlap, duplication, or difference.
- 18 *Sec. 5 was vetoed, see message at end of chapter.

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legislature pursuant to (c) of this subsection;

- 19 *Sec. 6. RCW 34.05.330 and 1988 c 288 s 305 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
 - (1) Any person may petition an agency requesting the adoption, amendment, or repeal of any rule. Each agency may prescribe by rule the form for such petitions and the procedure for their submission, consideration, and disposition. Within sixty days after submission of a petition, the agency shall (((1))) (a) either deny the petition in writing, stating its reasons for the denial, or (((2))) (b) initiate rule-making proceedings in accordance with this chapter.
 - (2) If any department listed in RCW 43.17.010 denies a petition to repeal or amend a rule submitted under subsection (1) of this section, the petitioner, within thirty days of the denial, may appeal the denial to the governor. The petitioner may file notice of the appeal with the code reviser for publication in the Washington State Register. Within sixty days after receiving the appeal, the governor shall either reject the appeal in writing, stating his or her reasons for the rejection, or order the agency to initiate rule-making proceedings in accordance with this chapter.
- 37 <u>(3) In petitioning or appealing under this section, the person</u> 38 <u>should address, among other factors:</u>

- (a) Whether the agency complied with sections 4 and 5 of this act; 1
- (b) Whether the agency has established an adequate internal rules 2 3 review process, allowing public participation, and has subjected the 4 rule to that review;
 - (c) Whether the rule conflicts with, overlaps, or duplicates any other provision of federal, state, or local law and, if so, whether the agency has taken steps to mitigate any adverse effects of the conflict, overlap, or duplication;
- 9 (d) The extent to which technology, social or economic conditions, 10 or other relevant factors have changed since the rule was adopted, and whether, given those changes, the rule continues to be necessary and 11 12 appropriate;
- 13 (e) Whether the statute that the rule implements has been amended or repealed by the legislature, or ruled invalid by a court. 14
- 15 (4) The governor's office shall provide a copy of the governor's 16 ruling under subsection (2) of this section to anyone upon request.
- 17 *Sec. 6 was vetoed, see message at end of chapter.
- **Sec. 7.** RCW 34.05.325 and 1992 c 57 s 1 are each amended to read 18 19 as follows:
- 20 (1) The agency shall make a good faith effort to insure that the information on the proposed rule published pursuant to RCW 34.05.320 21 accurately reflects the rule to be presented and considered at the oral 22 23 hearing on the rule. Written comment about a proposed rule, including supporting data, shall be accepted by an agency if received no later 24 25 than the time and date specified in the notice, or such later time and 26 date established at the rule-making hearing.
- 27 (2) The agency shall provide an opportunity for oral comment to be received by the agency in a rule-making hearing. 28
- (3) If the agency possesses equipment capable of receiving 29 30 telefacsimile transmissions or recorded telephonic communications, the agency may provide in its notice of hearing filed under RCW 34.05.320 31 that interested parties may comment on proposed rules by these means. 32 33 If the agency chooses to receive comments by these means, the notice of 34 hearing shall provide instructions for making such comments, including,
- 35 but not limited to, appropriate telephone numbers to be used; the date
- and time by which comments must be received; required methods to verify 36
- 37 the receipt and authenticity of the comments; and any limitations on
- the number of pages for telefacsimile transmission comments and on the 38

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minutes of tape recorded comments. The agency shall accept comments received by these means for inclusion in the official record if the comments are made in accordance with the agency's instructions.

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- 4 (4) The agency head, a member of the agency head, or a presiding 5 officer designated by the agency head shall preside at the rule-making hearing. Rule-making hearings shall be open to the public. The agency 6 7 shall cause a record to be made of the hearing by stenographic, 8 mechanical, or electronic means. Unless the agency head presides or is 9 present at substantially all the hearings, the presiding official shall 10 prepare a memorandum for consideration by the agency head, summarizing the contents of the presentations made at the rule-making hearing. The 11 summarizing memorandum is a public document and shall be made available 12 13 to any person in accordance with chapter 42.17 RCW.
- 14 (5) Rule-making hearings are legislative in character and shall be 15 reasonably conducted by the presiding official to afford interested 16 persons the opportunity to present comment. Rule-making hearings may 17 be continued to a later time and place established on the record 18 without publication of further notice under RCW 34.05.320.
- 19 (6) Before the adoption of a final rule, an agency shall prepare a
 20 written summary of all comments received regarding the proposed rule,
 21 and a substantive response to the comments by category or subject
 22 matter, indicating how the final rule reflects agency consideration of
 23 the comments, or why it fails to do so. The agency shall provide the
 24 written summary and response to any person upon request or from whom
 25 the agency received comment.
- 26 **Sec. 8.** RCW 34.05.355 and 1988 c 288 s 310 are each amended to 27 read as follows:
- $((\frac{1}{1}))$ At the time it files an adopted rule with the code reviser 28 29 or within thirty days thereafter, an agency shall place into the rulemaking file maintained under RCW 34.05.370 a concise explanatory 30 statement about the rule, identifying $((\frac{a}{a}))$ (1) the agency's reasons 31 for adopting the rule, and $((\frac{b}{b}))$ (2) a description of any difference 32 33 between the text of the proposed rule as published in the register and 34 the text of the rule as adopted, other than editing changes, stating the reasons for change. 35
- 36 (((2) Upon the request of any interested person within thirty days
 37 after adoption of a rule, the agency shall issue a concise statement of

- 1 the principal reasons for overruling the considerations urged against
- 2 its adoption.))
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 19.85 RCW
- 4 to read as follows:
- 5 The legislature finds that administrative rules adopted by state
- 6 agencies can have a disproportionate impact on the state's small
- 7 businesses because of the size of those businesses. This
- 8 disproportionate impact reduces competition, innovation, employment,
- 9 and new employment opportunities, and threatens the very existence of
- 10 some small businesses. The legislature therefore enacts the regulatory
- 11 fairness act with the intent of reducing the disproportionate impact of
- 12 state administrative rules on small business.
- 13 **Sec. 10.** RCW 19.85.020 and 1993 c 280 s 34 are each amended to
- 14 read as follows:
- 15 Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the definitions in
- 16 this section apply through this chapter.
- 17 (1) "Small business" means any business entity, including a sole
- 18 proprietorship, corporation, partnership, or other legal entity, that
- 19 is owned and operated independently from all other businesses, that has
- 20 the purpose of making a profit, and that has fifty or fewer employees.
- 21 (2) "Small business economic impact statement" means a statement
- 22 meeting the requirements of RCW 19.85.040 prepared by a state agency
- 23 pursuant to RCW 19.85.030.
- 24 (3) "Industry" means all of the businesses in this state in any one
- 25 ((three-digit)) four-digit standard industrial classification as
- 26 published by the United States department of commerce. However, if the
- 27 use of a four-digit standard industrial classification would result in
- 28 the release of data that would violate state confidentiality laws,
- 29 "industry" means all businesses in a three-digit standard industrial
- 30 classification.
- 31 Sec. 11. RCW 19.85.030 and 1989 c 374 s 2 and 1989 c 175 s 72 are
- 32 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 33 (1) In the adoption of any rule pursuant to RCW 34.05.320 that will
- 34 ((have an economic impact)) impose more than minor costs on more than
- 35 twenty percent of all industries, or more than ten percent of any one
- 36 industry, the adopting agency:

- 1 (((1))) <u>(a)</u> Shall reduce the economic impact of the rule on small 2 business by doing one or more of the following when it is legal and 3 feasible in meeting the stated objective of the statutes which are the 4 basis of the proposed rule:
- 5 (((a))) <u>(i)</u> Establish differing compliance or reporting 6 requirements or timetables for small businesses;
- 7 ((\(\frac{(b)}{(b)}\)) (ii) Clarify, consolidate, or simplify the compliance and 8 reporting requirements under the rule for small businesses;
- 9 (((c))) (iii) Establish performance rather than design standards;
- 10 $((\frac{d}{d}))$ (iv) Exempt small businesses from any or all requirements 11 of the rule;
- 12 <u>(v) Reduce or modify fine schedules for noncompliance; and</u>
- 13 <u>(vi) Other mitigation techniques;</u>
- $((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$ (b) Before filing notice of a proposed rule, shall prepare a small business economic impact statement in accordance with RCW 19.85.040 and file $((\frac{\text{such}}{(2)}))$ notice of how the person can obtain the
- 17 statement with the code reviser ((along with)) as part of the notice
- 18 required under RCW 34.05.320;
- 19 (2) If requested to do so by a majority vote of the joint
- 20 <u>administrative rules review committee within thirty days after notice</u>
- 21 of the proposed rule is published in the state register, an agency
- 22 <u>shall prepare a small business economic impact statement on the</u>
- 23 proposed rule before adoption of the rule. Upon completion, an agency
- 24 shall provide a copy of the small business economic impact statement to
- 25 <u>any person requesting it.</u>
- 26 (3) An agency may request assistance from the business assistance
- 27 center in the preparation of the small business economic impact
- 28 statement.
- 29 (4) The business assistance center shall develop guidelines to
- 30 <u>assist agencies in determining whether a proposed rule will impose more</u>
- 31 than minor costs on businesses in an industry and therefore require
- 32 preparation of a small business economic impact statement. The
- 33 business assistance center may review an agency determination that a
- 34 proposed rule will not impose such costs, and shall advise the joint
- 35 administrative rules review committee on disputes involving agency
- 36 <u>determinations under this section</u>.
- 37 Sec. 12. RCW 19.85.040 and 1989 c 374 s 3 and 1989 c 175 s 73 are
- 38 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

- (1) A small business economic impact statement must include a brief 1 description of the reporting, recordkeeping, and other compliance 2 requirements of the proposed rule, and the kinds of professional 3 4 services that a small business is likely to need in order to comply with such requirements. ((A small business economic impact statement)) 5 It shall analyze((, based on existing data,)) the costs of compliance 6 7 for businesses required to comply with the ((provisions of a)) proposed 8 rule adopted pursuant to RCW 34.05.320, including costs of equipment, 9 supplies, labor, and increased administrative costs((, and)). It shall consider, based on input received, whether compliance with the rule 10 will cause businesses to lose sales or revenue. To determine whether 11 the proposed rule will have a disproportionate impact on small 12 13 businesses, the impact statement must compare ((to the greatest extent 14 possible)) the cost of compliance for small business with the cost of 15 compliance for the ten percent of ((firms which)) businesses that are 16 the largest businesses required to comply with the proposed ((new or 17 amendatory)) rules((. The small business economic impact statement 18 shall use)) using one or more of the following as a basis for comparing 19 costs:
- 20 $((\frac{1}{1}))$ (a) Cost per employee;
- 21 $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (b) Cost per hour of labor; or
- 22 (((3))) (c) Cost per one hundred dollars of sales(($\dot{\tau}$
- 23 (4) Any combination of (1), (2), or (3)).
- 24 (2) A small business economic impact statement must also include:
- 25 (a) A statement of the steps taken by the agency to reduce the
- 26 costs of the rule on small businesses as required by RCW 19.85.030(1),
- 27 or reasonable justification for not doing so, addressing the options
- 28 listed in RCW 19.85.030(1);
- 29 (b) A description of how the agency will involve small businesses
- 30 <u>in the development of the rule; and</u>
- 31 (c) A list of industries that will be required to comply with the
- 32 rule. However, this subsection (2)(c) shall not be construed to
- 33 preclude application of the rule to any business or industry to which
- 34 it would otherwise apply.
- 35 (3) To obtain information for purposes of this section, an agency
- 36 may survey a representative sample of affected businesses or trade
- 37 <u>associations and should, whenever possible, appoint a committee under</u>
- 38 RCW 34.05.310(2) to assist in the accurate assessment of the costs of

- 1 <u>a proposed rule</u>, and the means to reduce the costs imposed on small
- 2 business.
- 3 *NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 19.85
- 4 RCW to read as follows:
- 5 Unless so requested by a majority vote of the joint administrative
- 6 rules review committee under RCW 19.85.030, an agency is not required
- 7 to comply with this chapter when adopting any rule solely for the
- 8 purpose of conformity or compliance, or both, with federal law. In
- 9 lieu of the statement required under RCW 19.85.030, the agency shall
- 10 file a statement citing, with specificity, the federal law with which
- 11 the rule is being adopted to conform or comply, and describing the
- 12 consequences to the state if the rule is not adopted.
- 13 *Sec. 13 was vetoed, see message at end of chapter.
- 14 **Sec. 14.** RCW 34.05.320 and 1992 c 197 s 8 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
- 16 (1) At least twenty days before the rule-making hearing at which
- 17 the agency receives public comment regarding adoption of a rule, the
- 18 agency shall cause notice of the hearing to be published in the state
- 19 register. The publication constitutes the proposal of a rule. The
- 20 notice shall include all of the following:
- 21 (a) A title, a description of the rule's purpose, and any other
- 22 information which may be of assistance in identifying the rule or its
- 23 purpose;
- 24 (b) Citations of the statutory authority for adopting the rule and
- 25 the specific statute the rule is intended to implement;
- 26 (c) A summary of the rule and a statement of the reasons supporting
- 27 the proposed action;
- 28 (d) The agency personnel, with their office location and telephone
- 29 number, who are responsible for the drafting, implementation, and
- 30 enforcement of the rule;
- 31 (e) The name of the person or organization, whether private,
- 32 public, or governmental, proposing the rule;
- 33 (f) Agency comments or recommendations, if any, regarding statutory
- 34 language, implementation, enforcement, and fiscal matters pertaining to
- 35 the rule;

- 1 (g) Whether the rule is necessary as the result of federal law or 2 federal or state court action, and if so, a copy of such law or court 3 decision shall be attached to the purpose statement;
- 4 (h) When, where, and how persons may present their views on the 5 proposed rule;
 - (i) The date on which the agency intends to adopt the rule;
 - (j) A short explanation of the rule, its purpose, and anticipated effects, including in the case of a proposal that would modify existing rules, a short description of the changes the proposal would make; and
- (k) A <u>statement indicating how a person can obtain a copy</u> of the small business economic impact statement((, if applicable, and a statement of steps taken to minimize the economic impact in accordance with RCW 19.85.030)) <u>prepared under chapter 19.85 RCW, or an explanation for why the agency did not prepare the statement.</u>
- 15 (2) Upon filing notice of the proposed rule with the code reviser, 16 the adopting agency shall have copies of the notice on file and 17 available for public inspection and shall forward three copies of the 18 notice to the rules review committee.
- 19 (3) No later than three days after its publication in the state 20 register, the agency shall cause a copy of the notice of proposed rule 21 adoption to be mailed to each person who has made a request to the 22 agency for a mailed copy of such notices. An agency may charge for the 23 actual cost of providing individual mailed copies of these notices.
- (4) In addition to the notice required by subsections (1) and (2) of this section, an institution of higher education shall cause the notice to be published in the campus or standard newspaper of the institution at least seven days before the rule-making hearing.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 15.** A new section is added to chapter 43.31 RCW to read as follows:
- To assist state agencies in reducing regulatory costs to small business and to promote greater public participation in the rule-making process, the business assistance center shall:
- 33 (1) Develop agency guidelines for the preparation of a small 34 business economic impact statement and compliance with chapter 19.85 35 RCW;
- 36 (2) Review and provide comments to agencies on draft or final small 37 business economic impact statements;

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- 1 (3) Advise the joint administrative rules review committee on 2 whether an agency reasonably assessed the costs of a proposed rule and 3 reduced the costs for small business as required by chapter 19.85 RCW; 4 and
- 5 (4) Organize and chair a state rules coordinating committee, consisting of agency rules coordinators and interested members of the 6 7 public, to develop an education and training program that includes, 8 other components, a component that addresses 9 compliance, for agency personnel responsible for rule development and 10 The business assistance center recommendations to the department of personnel for an administrative 11 12 procedures training program that is based on the sharing of interagency 13 resources.
- *NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. The following acts or parts of acts are 15 each repealed:
- 16 (1) RCW 19.85.010 and 1982 c 6 s 1;
- 17 (2) RCW 19.85.060 and 1989 c 374 s 5; and
- 18 (3) RCW 19.85.080 and 1992 c 197 s 2.
- 19 *Sec. 16 was partially vetoed, see message at end of chapter.
- 20 **Sec. 17.** RCW 34.05.620 and 1988 c 288 s 602 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
- Whenever a majority of the members of the rules review committee 22 23 determines that a proposed rule is not within the intent of the 24 legislature as expressed in the statute which the rule implements, or 25 that an agency may not be adopting a proposed rule in accordance with 26 all applicable provisions of law, including section 4 of this act and 27 chapter 19.85 RCW, the committee shall give the affected agency written notice of its decision. The notice shall be given at least seven days 28 29 prior to any hearing scheduled for consideration of or adoption of the proposed rule pursuant to RCW 34.05.320. The notice shall include a 30
- 31 statement of the review committee's findings and the reasons therefor.
- 32 When the agency holds a hearing on the proposed rule, the agency shall
- 33 consider the review committee's decision.
- 34 **Sec. 18.** RCW 34.05.630 and 1993 c 277 s 1 are each amended to read 35 as follows:

- 1 (1) All rules required to be filed pursuant to RCW 34.05.380, and 2 emergency rules adopted pursuant to RCW 34.05.350, are subject to 3 selective review by the legislature.
 - (2) The rules review committee may review an agency's use of policy statements, guidelines, and issuances that are of general applicability, or their equivalents to determine whether or not an agency has failed to adopt a rule or whether they are within the intent of the legislature as expressed by the governing statute.
- 9 (3) If the rules review committee finds by a majority vote of its 10 members: (a) That an existing rule is not within the intent of the legislature as expressed by the statute which the rule implements, (b) 11 that the rule has not been adopted in accordance with all applicable 12 provisions of law, including section 4 of this act if the rule was 13 adopted after the effective date of section 4 of this act and chapter 14 15 19.85 RCW, (c) that an agency is using a policy statement, guideline, or issuance in place of a rule, or (d) that the policy statement, 16 guideline, or issuance is outside of legislative intent, the agency 17 affected shall be notified of such finding and the reasons therefor. 18 19 Within thirty days of the receipt of the rules review committee's notice, the agency shall file notice of a hearing on the rules review 20 committee's finding with the code reviser and mail notice to all 21 persons who have made timely request of the agency for advance notice 22 of its rule-making proceedings as provided in RCW 34.05.320. 23 24 agency's notice shall include the rules review committee's findings and reasons therefor, and shall be published in the Washington state 25 26 register in accordance with the provisions of chapter 34.08 RCW.
 - (4) The agency shall consider fully all written and oral submissions regarding (a) whether the rule in question is within the intent of the legislature as expressed by the statute which the rule implements, (b) whether the rule was adopted in accordance with all applicable provisions of law, including section 4 of this act if the rule was adopted after the effective date of section 4 of this act and chapter 19.85 RCW, (c) whether the agency is using a policy statement, guideline, or issuance in place of a rule, or (d) whether the policy statement, guideline, or issuance is within the legislative intent.
- 36 **Sec. 19.** RCW 34.05.640 and 1993 c 277 s 2 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

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- (1) Within seven days of an agency hearing held after notification 1 2 of the agency by the rules review committee pursuant to RCW 34.05.620 3 or 34.05.630, the affected agency shall notify the committee of its 4 action on a proposed or existing rule to which the committee objected 5 or on a committee finding of the agency's failure to adopt rules. the rules review committee determines, by a majority vote of its 6 7 members, that the agency has failed to provide for the required 8 hearings or notice of its action to the committee, the committee may 9 file notice of its objections, together with a concise statement of the 10 reasons therefor, with the code reviser within thirty days of such determination. 11
- (2) If the rules review committee finds, by a majority vote of its 12 13 members: (a) That the proposed or existing rule in question has not been modified, amended, withdrawn, or repealed by the agency so as to 14 15 conform with the intent of the legislature, or (b) that an existing 16 rule was not adopted in accordance with all applicable provisions of law, including section 4 of this act if the rule was adopted after the 17 effective date of section 4 of this act and chapter 19.85 RCW, or (c) 18 19 that the agency is using a policy statement, guideline, or issuance in 20 place of a rule, or that the policy statement, guideline, or issuance is outside of the legislative intent, the rules review committee may, 21 within thirty days from notification by the agency of its action, file 22 with the code reviser notice of its objections together with a concise 23 24 statement of the reasons therefor. Such notice and statement shall 25 also be provided to the agency by the rules review committee.
 - (3) If the rules review committee makes an adverse finding under subsection (2) of this section, the committee may, by a ((two-thirds)) majority vote of its members, recommend suspension of an existing rule. Within seven days of such vote the committee shall transmit to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature, the governor, the code reviser, and the agency written notice of its objection and recommended suspension and the concise reasons therefor. Within thirty days of receipt of the notice, the governor shall transmit to the committee, the code reviser, and the agency written approval or disapproval of the recommended suspension. If the suspension is approved by the governor, it is effective from the date of that approval and continues until ninety days after the expiration of the next regular legislative session.

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- 1 (4) If the governor disapproves the recommendation of the rules 2 review committee to suspend the rule, the transmittal of such decision, 3 along with the findings of the rules review committee, shall be treated 4 by the agency as a petition by the rules review committee to repeal the 5 rule under RCW 34.05.330.
- (5) The code reviser shall publish transmittals from the rules 6 7 review committee or the governor issued pursuant to subsection (1), 8 (2), or (3) of this section in the Washington state register and shall 9 publish in the next supplement and compilation of the Washington 10 Administrative Code a reference to the committee's objection or recommended suspension and the governor's action on it and to the issue 11 12 of the Washington state register in which the full text thereof 13 appears.
- (((5))) (6) The reference shall be removed from a rule published in the Washington Administrative Code if a subsequent adjudicatory proceeding determines that the rule is within the intent of the legislature or was adopted in accordance with all applicable laws, whichever was the objection of the rules review committee.
- 19 *Sec. 20. RCW 34.05.660 and 1988 c 288 s 606 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
 - (1) It is the express policy of the legislature that establishment of procedures for review of administrative rules by the legislature and the notice of objection required by RCW 34.05.630(2) and 34.05.640(2) in no way serves to establish a presumption as to the legality or constitutionality of a rule in any subsequent judicial proceedings interpreting such rules.
 - (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, if the joint administrative rules review committee, by a two-thirds vote of its members, recommends to the governor that an existing rule be suspended because it does not conform with the intent of the legislature, the recommendation shall establish a rebuttable presumption in any proceeding challenging the validity of the rule that the rule is invalid. The burden of demonstrating the rule's validity is then on the adopting agency.
- 35 *Sec. 20 was vetoed, see message at end of chapter.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. The following acts or parts of acts are ach repealed:

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- 1 (1) RCW 34.05.670 and 1992 c 197 s 3; and
- 2 (2) RCW 34.05.680 and 1992 c 197 s 4.

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- 3 NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. The department of community, trade, and 4 economic development shall develop a standardized format for reporting information that is commonly required from the public by state, local, 5 and where appropriate, federal government agencies for permits, 6 7 licenses, approvals, and services. In the development of the format, 8 the department shall work in conjunction with representatives from 9 state, local, and where appropriate, federal government agencies. developing the standardized format, the department shall also consult 10 with representatives of both small and large businesses in the state. 11 12 The department shall submit the standardized format together with 13 recommendations for implementation to the legislature by December 31, 14 1994.
- *NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. A new section is added to chapter 34.05
 16 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) This section applies only to the department of revenue, the employment security department, the department of ecology, the department of labor and industries, the department of health, the department of licensing, and the department of fish and wildlife for rules other than those that deal only with seasons, catch or bag limits, gear types, or geographical areas for fishing or shellfish removal.
 - (2) If a business entity has written to an agency listed in subsection (1) of this section requesting technical assistance to comply with specific types of the agency's statutes or rules, the agency may immediately impose a penalty otherwise provided for by law for a violation of a statute or administrative rule only if the business entity on which the penalty will be imposed has: (a) Previously violated the same statute or rule; or (b) knowingly violated the statute or rule. Where a penalty is otherwise provided, but may not be imposed under this subsection, the agency shall issue a statement of deficiency.
 - (3) A statement of deficiency shall specify: (a) The particular rule violated; (b) the steps the entity must take to comply with the rule; (c) any agency personnel designated by the agency to provide technical assistance regarding compliance with the rule; and (d) a date

- by which the entity is required to comply with the rule. The date specified shall provide a reasonable period of time for the entity to comply with the rule, considering the size of the entity, its available resources, and the threat posed by the violation. If the entity fails to comply with the rule by the date specified, it shall be subject to the penalty otherwise provided in law.
- 7 (4) Subsection (2) of this section shall not apply to any violation 8 that places a person in danger of death or bodily harm, is causing or 9 is likely to cause more than minor environmental harm, or has caused or 10 is likely to cause physical damage to the property of others in an amount exceeding one thousand dollars. With regard to a statute or 11 rule requiring the payment of a tax, subsection (2) of this section 12 shall not apply if the amount of taxes actually owed by the business 13 entity exceeds the amount paid by more than one thousand dollars and 14 15 shall not be construed to relieve anyone from the obligation to pay 16 interest on taxes owed.
- (5) The state, the agency, and officers or employees of the state shall not be liable for damages to any person to the extent that liability is asserted to arise from the technical assistance provided under this section, or if liability is asserted to arise from the failure of the agency to supply technical assistance.
 - (6) An agency need not comply with this section if compliance may be in conflict with a requirement of federal law for obtaining or maintaining state authority to administer a federally delegated program; however, the agency shall submit a written petition to the appropriate federal agency for authorization to comply with this section for all inspections while obtaining or maintaining the state's federal delegation and shall comply with this section to the extent authorized by the appropriate federal agency.
- 30 *Sec. 23 was vetoed, see message at end of chapter.
- 31 **Sec. 24.** RCW 34.05.220 and 1989 c 175 s 4 are each amended to read 32 as follows:
- 33 (1) In addition to other rule-making requirements imposed by law:
- 34 (a) Each agency may adopt rules governing the formal and informal 35 procedures prescribed or authorized by this chapter and rules of 36 practice before the agency, together with forms and instructions. If 37 an agency has not adopted procedural rules under this section, the

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- 1 model rules adopted by the chief administrative law judge under RCW 2 34.05.250 govern procedures before the agency.
- 3 (b) To assist interested persons dealing with it, each agency shall 4 adopt as a rule a description of its organization, stating the general 5 course and method of its operations and the methods whereby the public 6 may obtain information and make submissions or requests. No person may 7 be required to comply with agency procedure not adopted as a rule as 8 herein required.
- 9 (2) To the extent not prohibited by federal law or regulation, nor 10 prohibited for reasons of confidentiality by state law, each agency 11 shall keep on file for public inspection all final orders, decisions, 12 and opinions in adjudicative proceedings, interpretive statements, 13 policy statements, and any digest or index to those orders, decisions, 14 opinions, or statements prepared by or for the agency.
- 15 (3) No agency order, decision, or opinion is valid or effective 16 against any person, nor may it be invoked by the agency for any 17 purpose, unless it is available for public inspection. This subsection 18 is not applicable in favor of any person who has actual knowledge of 19 the order, decision, or opinion. The agency has the burden of proving 20 that knowledge, but may meet that burden by proving that the person has 21 been properly served with a copy of the order.
- (4) Each agency that is authorized by law to exercise discretion in deciding individual cases is encouraged to formalize the general principles that may evolve from these decisions by adopting the principles as rules that the agency will follow until they are amended or repealed.
- 27 (5) To the extent practicable, any rule proposed or adopted by an 28 agency should be clearly and simply stated, so that it can be 29 understood by those required to comply.
- 30 *Sec. 25. RCW 34.05.534 and 1988 c 288 s 507 are each amended to 31 read as follows:

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- A person may file a petition for judicial review under this chapter only after exhausting all administrative remedies available within the agency whose action is being challenged, or available within any other agency authorized to exercise administrative review, except:
- 36 (1) A petitioner for judicial review of a rule need not have 37 participated in the rule-making proceeding upon which that rule is

- based, ((or)) have petitioned for its amendment or repeal, or have
 appealed a petition for amendment or repeal to the governor;
- 3 (2) A petitioner for judicial review need not exhaust 4 administrative remedies to the extent that this chapter or any other 5 statute states that exhaustion is not required; or
- 6 (3) The court may relieve a petitioner of the requirement to 7 exhaust any or all administrative remedies upon a showing that:
 - (a) The remedies would be patently inadequate;
 - (b) The exhaustion of remedies would be futile; or
- 10 (c) The grave irreparable harm that would result from having to 11 exhaust administrative remedies would clearly outweigh the public 12 policy requiring exhaustion of administrative remedies.
- 13 *Sec. 25 was vetoed, see message at end of chapter.

- 14 **Sec. 26.** RCW 36.70A.290 and 1991 sp.s. c 32 s 10 are each amended 15 to read as follows:
- 16 (1) All requests for review to a growth ((planning)) management 17 hearings board shall be initiated by filing a petition that includes a 18 detailed statement of issues presented for resolution by the board.
- 19 (2) All petitions relating to whether or not an adopted 20 comprehensive plan, development regulation, or permanent amendment thereto, is in compliance with the goals and requirements of this 21 chapter or chapter 43.21C RCW must be filed within sixty days after 22 publication by the legislative bodies of the county or city. The date 23 of publication for a city shall be the date the city publishes the 24 25 ordinance, or summary of the ordinance, adopting the comprehensive plan 26 or development regulations, or amendment thereto, as is required to be 27 published. Promptly after adoption, a county shall publish a notice that it has adopted the comprehensive plan or development regulations, 28 or amendment thereto. The date of publication for a county shall be 29 30 the date the county publishes the notice that it has adopted the comprehensive plan or development regulations, or amendment thereto. 31
- 32 (3) Unless the board dismisses the petition as frivolous or finds 33 that the person filing the petition lacks standing, the board shall, 34 within ten days of receipt of the petition, set a time for hearing the 35 matter.
- 36 (4) The board shall base its decision on the record developed by 37 the city, county, or the state and supplemented with additional 38 evidence if the board determines that such additional evidence would be

- 1 necessary or of substantial assistance to the board in reaching its 2 decision.
- 3 (5) The board, shall consolidate, when appropriate, all petitions 4 involving the review of the same comprehensive plan or the same 5 development regulation or regulations.
- 6 Sec. 27. RCW 36.70A.110 and 1993 sp.s. c 6 s 2 are each amended to 7 read as follows:
- 8 (1) Each county that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 9 36.70A.040 shall designate an urban growth area or areas within which urban growth shall be encouraged and outside of which growth can occur 10 only if it is not urban in nature. Each city that is located in such 11 a county shall be included within an urban growth area. An urban 12 growth area may include more than a single city. An urban growth area 13 14 may include territory that is located outside of a city only if such 15 territory already is characterized by urban growth or is adjacent to territory already characterized by urban growth. 16
- (2) Based upon the population growth management planning population 17 18 projection made for the county by the office of financial management, 19 the urban growth areas in the county shall include areas and densities sufficient to permit the urban growth that is projected to occur in the 20 county for the succeeding twenty-year period. Each urban growth area 21 22 shall permit urban densities and shall include greenbelt and open space 23 areas. Within one year of July 1, 1990, each county that as of June 1, 24 1991, was required or chose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, shall begin 25 consulting with each city located within its boundaries and each city shall propose the location of an urban growth area. Within sixty days 26 of the date the county legislative authority of a county adopts its 27 resolution of intention or of certification by the office of financial 28 29 management, all other counties that are required or choose to plan 30 under RCW 36.70A.040 shall begin this consultation with each city located within its boundaries. The county shall attempt to reach 31 agreement with each city on the location of an urban growth area within 32 which the city is located. If such an agreement is not reached with 33 34 each city located within the urban growth area, the county shall justify in writing why it so designated the area an urban growth area. 35 36 A city may object formally with the department over the designation of the urban growth area within which it is located. Where appropriate, 37

- 1 the department shall attempt to resolve the conflicts, including the 2 use of mediation services.
- 3 (3) Urban growth should be located first in areas already 4 characterized by urban growth that have existing public facility and service capacities to serve such development, and second in areas 5 already characterized by urban growth that will be served by a 6 7 combination of both existing public facilities and services and any 8 additional needed public facilities and services that are provided by 9 either public or private sources. Further, it is appropriate that 10 urban government services be provided by cities, and urban government services should not be provided in rural areas. 11
- (4) On or before October 1, 1993, each county that was initially 12 13 required to plan under RCW 36.70A.040(1) shall adopt development regulations designating interim urban growth areas under this chapter. 14 15 Within three years and three months of the date the county legislative 16 authority of a county adopts its resolution of intention or of 17 certification by the office of financial management, all other counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall adopt 18 19 development regulations designating interim urban growth areas under 20 this chapter. Adoption of the interim urban growth areas may only occur after public notice; public hearing; and compliance with the 21 state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, and RCW 36.70A.110. 22 23 Such action may be appealed to the appropriate growth ((planning)) 24 management hearings board under RCW 36.70A.280. Final urban growth 25 areas shall be adopted at the time of comprehensive plan adoption under 26 this chapter.
- 27 (5) Each county shall include designations of urban growth areas in 28 its comprehensive plan.
- 29 **Sec. 28.** RCW 36.70A.210 and 1993 sp.s. c 6 s 4 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
- legislature recognizes that counties are regional 31 (1)The governments within their boundaries, and cities are primary providers 32 of urban governmental services within urban growth areas. For the 33 34 purposes of this section, a "county-wide planning policy" is a written policy statement or statements used solely for establishing a county-35 36 wide framework from which county and city comprehensive plans are developed and adopted pursuant to this chapter. This framework shall 37 ensure that city and county comprehensive plans are consistent as 38

- 1 required in RCW 36.70A.100. Nothing in this section shall be construed 2 to alter the land-use powers of cities.
- 3 (2) The legislative authority of a county that plans under RCW 36.70A.040 shall adopt a county-wide planning policy in cooperation 5 with the cities located in whole or in part within the county as 6 follows:
- 7 (a) No later than sixty calendar days from July 16, 1991, the 8 legislative authority of each county that as of June 1, 1991, was 9 required or chose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall convene a meeting 10 with representatives of each city located within the county for the purpose of establishing a collaborative process that will provide a 11 framework for the adoption of a county-wide planning policy. In other 12 13 counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, this meeting shall be convened no later than sixty days after the date the 14 15 county adopts its resolution of intention or was certified by the 16 office of financial management.
 - (b) The process and framework for adoption of a county-wide planning policy specified in (a) of this subsection shall determine the manner in which the county and the cities agree to all procedures and provisions including but not limited to desired planning policies, deadlines, ratification of final agreements and demonstration thereof, and financing, if any, of all activities associated therewith.

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- (c) If a county fails for any reason to convene a meeting with representatives of cities as required in (a) of this subsection, the governor may immediately impose any appropriate sanction or sanctions on the county from those specified under RCW 36.70A.340.
- 27 (d) If there is no agreement by October 1, 1991, in a county that 28 was required or chose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 as of June 1, 1991, 29 or if there is no agreement within one hundred twenty days of the date 30 the county adopted its resolution of intention or was certified by the office of financial management in any other county that is required or 31 chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, the governor shall first inquire 32 of the jurisdictions as to the reason or reasons for failure to reach 33 34 an agreement. If the governor deems it appropriate, the governor may 35 immediately request the assistance of the department of community, trade, and economic development to mediate any disputes that preclude 36 37 agreement. If mediation is unsuccessful in resolving all disputes that will lead to agreement, the governor may impose appropriate sanctions 38 39 from those specified under RCW 36.70A.340 on the county, city, or

- 1 cities for failure to reach an agreement as provided in this section.
- 2 The governor shall specify the reason or reasons for the imposition of any sanction.
- 4 (e) No later than July 1, 1992, the legislative authority of each 5 county that was required or chose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 as of June 1, 1991, or no later than fourteen months after the date the 6 7 county adopted its resolution of intention or was certified by the 8 office of financial management the county legislative authority of any other county that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, 9 10 shall adopt a county-wide planning policy according to the process provided under this section and that is consistent with the agreement 11 pursuant to (b) of this subsection, and after holding a public hearing 12
- 14 (3) A county-wide planning policy shall at a minimum, address the following:

or hearings on the proposed county-wide planning policy.

- 16 (a) Policies to implement RCW 36.70A.110;
- 17 (b) Policies for promotion of contiguous and orderly development 18 and provision of urban services to such development;
- 19 (c) Policies for siting public capital facilities of a county-wide 20 or state-wide nature;
- 21 (d) Policies for county-wide transportation facilities and 22 strategies;
- (e) Policies that consider the need for affordable housing, such as housing for all economic segments of the population and parameters for its distribution;
- 26 (f) Policies for joint county and city planning within urban growth 27 areas;
- (g) Policies for county-wide economic development and employment;
 and
- 30 (h) An analysis of the fiscal impact.
- 31 (4) Federal agencies and Indian tribes may participate in and 32 cooperate with the county-wide planning policy adoption process.
- 33 Adopted county-wide planning policies shall be adhered to by state 34 agencies.
- (5) Failure to adopt a county-wide planning policy that meets the requirements of this section may result in the imposition of a sanction or sanctions on a county or city within the county, as specified in RCW 36.70A.340. In imposing a sanction or sanctions, the governor shall specify the reasons for failure to adopt a county-wide planning policy

- 1 in order that any imposed sanction or sanctions are fairly and 2 equitably related to the failure to adopt a county-wide planning 3 policy.
- 4 (6) Cities and the governor may appeal an adopted county-wide 5 planning policy to the growth ((planning)) management hearings board 6 within sixty days of the adoption of the county-wide planning policy.
- 7 (7) Multicounty planning policies shall be adopted by two or more 8 counties, each with a population of four hundred fifty thousand or 9 more, with contiguous urban areas and may be adopted by other counties, 10 according to the process established under this section or other 11 processes agreed to among the counties and cities within the affected 12 counties throughout the multicounty region.
- 13 **Sec. 29.** RCW 36.70A.250 and 1991 sp.s. c 32 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) There are hereby created three growth ((planning)) management 16 hearings boards for the state of Washington. The boards shall be 17 established as follows:
- 18 (a) An Eastern Washington board with jurisdictional boundaries 19 including all counties that are required to or choose to plan under RCW 20 36.70A.040 and are located east of the crest of the Cascade mountains;
- 21 (b) A Central Puget Sound board with jurisdictional boundaries 22 including King, Pierce, Snohomish, and Kitsap counties; and

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- (c) A Western Washington board with jurisdictional boundaries including all counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 and are located west of the crest of the Cascade mountains and are not included in the Central Puget Sound board jurisdictional boundaries. Skamania county, should it be required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, may elect to be included within the jurisdictional boundaries of either the Western or Eastern board.
- 30 (2) Each board shall only hear matters pertaining to the cities and 31 counties located within its jurisdictional boundaries.
- 32 **Sec. 30.** RCW 36.70A.260 and 1991 sp.s. c 32 s 6 are each amended 33 to read as follows:
- (1) Each growth ((planning)) management hearings board shall consist of three members qualified by experience or training in matters pertaining to land use planning and residing within the jurisdictional boundaries of the applicable board. At least one member of each board

- l must be admitted to practice law in this state and at least one member
- 2 must have been a city or county elected official. Each board shall be
- 3 appointed by the governor and not more than two members at the time of
- 4 appointment or during their term shall be members of the same political
- 5 party. No more than two members at the time of appointment or during
- 6 their term shall reside in the same county.
- 7 (2) Each member of a board shall be appointed for a term of six
- 8 years. A vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the governor for
- 9 the unexpired portion of the term in which the vacancy occurs. The
- 10 terms of the first three members of a board shall be staggered so that
- 11 one member is appointed to serve until July 1, 1994, one member until
- 12 July 1, 1996, and one member until July 1, 1998.
- 13 **Sec. 31.** RCW 36.70A.280 and 1991 sp.s. c 32 s 9 are each amended
- 14 to read as follows:
- 15 (1) A growth ((planning)) management hearings board shall hear and
- 16 determine only those petitions alleging either:
- 17 (a) That a state agency, county, or city is not in compliance with
- 18 the requirements of this chapter, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates
- 19 to plans, regulations, ((and)) or amendments ((thereto)), adopted under
- 20 RCW 36.70A.040; or
- 21 (b) That the twenty-year growth management planning population
- 22 projections adopted by the office of financial management pursuant to
- 23 RCW 43.62.035 should be adjusted.
- 24 (2) A petition may be filed only by the state, a county or city
- 25 that plans under this chapter, a person who has either appeared before
- 26 the county or city regarding the matter on which a review is being
- 27 requested or is certified by the governor within sixty days of filing
- 28 the request with the board, or a person qualified pursuant to RCW
- 29 34.05.530.
- 30 (3) For purposes of this section "person" means any individual,
- 31 partnership, corporation, association, governmental subdivision or unit
- 32 thereof, or public or private organization or entity of any character.
- 33 (4) When considering a possible adjustment to a growth management
- 34 planning population projection prepared by the office of financial
- 35 management, a board shall consider the implications of any such
- 36 adjustment to the population forecast for the entire state.

The rationale for any adjustment that is adopted by a board must be documented and filed with the office of financial management within ten working days after adoption.

If adjusted by a board, a county growth management planning population projection shall only be used for the planning purposes set forth in this chapter and shall be known as a "board adjusted population projection". None of these changes shall affect the official state and county population forecasts prepared by the office of financial management, which shall continue to be used for state budget and planning purposes.

11 **Sec. 32.** RCW 36.70A.310 and 1991 sp.s. c 32 s 12 are each amended 12 to read as follows:

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A request for review by the state to a growth ((planning)) management hearings board may be made only by the governor, or with the governor's consent the head of an agency, or by the commissioner of public lands as relating to state trust lands, for the review of whether: (1) A county or city that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 has failed to adopt a comprehensive plan or development regulations, or county-wide planning policies within the time limits established by this chapter; or (2) a county or city that is required or chooses to plan under this chapter has adopted a comprehensive plan, development regulations, or county-wide planning policies, that are not in compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

25 **Sec. 33.** RCW 36.70A.345 and 1993 sp.s. c 6 s 5 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

27 The governor may impose a sanction or sanctions specified under RCW 28 36.70A.340 on: (1) A county or city that fails to designate critical 29 areas, agricultural lands, forest lands, or mineral resource lands under RCW 36.70A.170 by the date such action was required to have been 30 taken; (2) a county or city that fails to adopt development regulations 31 32 under RCW 36.70A.060 protecting critical areas or conserving 33 agricultural lands, forest lands, or mineral resource lands by the date such action was required to have been taken; (3) a county that fails to 34 35 designate urban growth areas under RCW 36.70A.110 by the date such action was required to have been taken; and (4) a county or city that 36

- 1 fails to adopt its comprehensive plan or development regulations when 2 such actions are required to be taken.
- Imposition of a sanction or sanctions under this section shall be 3 4 preceded by written findings by the governor, that either the county or 5 city is not proceeding in good faith to meet the requirements of the 6 act; or that the county or city has unreasonably delayed taking the 7 The governor shall consult with and communicate his required action. or her findings to the appropriate growth ((planning)) management 8 hearings board prior to imposing the sanction or sanctions. For those 9 10 counties or cities that are not required to plan or have not opted in, the governor in imposing sanctions shall consider the size of the 11 12 jurisdiction relative to the requirements of this chapter and the
- *NEW SECTION. Sec. 34. A new section is added to chapter 35.21
 15 RCW to read as follows:

degree of technical and financial assistance provided.

- (1) Before a city or town adopts a law that regulates the same activity or subject matter as another provision of federal or state law, the city or town shall:
- (a) Contact appropriate state and federal government entities regulating the same activity or subject matter to identify areas of conflict, overlap, or duplication; and
- (b) Make every effort to avoid conflict, overlap, and duplication;
- (2) After the adoption of a law that conflicts with, overlaps, or duplicates other laws, the city or town shall:
- 25 (a) Notify the state and federal entities of the adoption of the 26 law and the areas of conflict, overlap, and duplication; and
- (b) Make every effort to coordinate implementation of the law with the appropriate state and federal entities.
- 29 *Sec. 34 was vetoed, see message at end of chapter.
- *NEW SECTION. Sec. 35. A new section is added to chapter 36.01
 31 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) Before a county adopts a law that regulates the same activity or subject matter as another provision of federal or state law, the county shall:
- (a) Contact appropriate state and federal government entities regulating the same activity or subject matter to identify areas of conflict, overlap, or duplication; and

- 1 (b) Make every effort to avoid conflict, overlap, and duplication;
- 2 (2) After the adoption of a law that conflicts with, overlaps, or 3 duplicates other laws, the county shall:
- 4 (a) Notify the state and federal entities of the adoption of the 5 law and the areas of conflict, overlap, and duplication; and
- 6 (b) Make every effort to coordinate implementation of the law with 7 the appropriate state and federal entities.
- 8 *Sec. 35 was vetoed, see message at end of chapter.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 36.** This act applies prospectively only and not 10 retroactively.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 37. Section 10 of this act shall take effect 12 July 1, 1994.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 38. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Passed the House March 10, 1994.

Passed the Senate March 10, 1994.

Approved by the Governor April 1, 1994, with the exception of certain items which were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 1, 1994.

- 1 Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:
- "I am returning herewith, without my approval as to sections 4, 5, 6, 13, 16(2), 20, 23, 25, 34, and 35, Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2510 entitled:
- 5 "AN ACT Relating to the implementation of the recommendations of 6 the governor's task force on regulatory reform;"
- On August 9, 1993, I signed Executive Order 93-06. The Executive Order directed state agencies to initiate several efforts to coordinate among themselves and to provide better and more useful information to the public. I stated three goals for regulatory reform in the Executive Order. They are:
- 12 To institute immediate management improvements in state regulatory 13 functions, reducing inefficiencies, conflicts, and delays.
- 14 To develop long-term solutions to complex regulatory issues that, if 15 left unresolved, could impede the orderly growth and sustained economic
- 16 development of the state.

To ensure that any regulatory reform solutions designed to support economic benefits to the state also ensure continued protection of the environment, the health, and the safety of our citizens.

The Executive Order also created the Governor's Task Force on Regulatory Reform, composed of representatives from a cross-section of state citizens and interest groups. The Task Force established three subcommittees to address the major issue areas set forth in the Executive Order and made its interim recommendation in its December 17, 1993 report upon which this legislation is based. The Task Force will continue its work through December 31, 1994 and will submit final recommendations to the Governor by December 1, 1994.

As introduced, House Bill No. 2510 met the goals I established for regulatory reform. I would have been able to sign all but one section had it passed as it was introduced. However, as passed by the Legislature, there are sections of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2510 which I do not believe meet the goals I set for regulatory reform. In addition, many of the provisions of the bill would only increase the delays, bureaucracy, and paperwork of the rulemaking process imposing significant burdens on state agencies without providing any additional meaningful involvement or reduced burden for the regulated community. This is directly counter to the goals of regulatory reform.

While I am disappointed that I am unable to sign this bill in its entirety, there are several provisions I will soon incorporate into an Executive Order. In particular, the Executive Order will direct agencies engaged in rulemaking to evaluate criteria similar to those set forth in section 4 as proposed by the Task Force. I will also be directing agencies to increase the level of technical assistance they provide to businesses and to individuals intent on meeting state regulations but who may be unclear on how to comply.

Of all the issues addressed in the bill, section 4 served as the flash point for debate over regulatory reform during the 1994 Legislative Session. The Task Force, with considerable public comment, concluded that the state agencies needed additional direction in the rulemaking process and recommended a series of criteria for the agencies to consider before adopting a rule. I fully support the concept that agencies consider these criteria in their rulemaking process. However, section 4 strays from the carefully balanced approach in the original bill. The bill provided the proper direction to agencies without creating additional, unnecessary paperwork and avoided turning rulemaking into a judicial like process which only encourages litigation. If this section is allowed to become law, the only certainty is that litigation will ensue over the meaning of its various provisions.

In addition, the specific criteria set forth in section 4 go well beyond the criteria proposed in the original bill. For example, this section requires an agency to determine that any overlap, duplication or difference between the rule and any federal law is necessary to achieve the objectives of the statute. There are many circumstances where differences from federal rules may be justified to protect the safety and quality of life in our state, yet these provisions would make it nearly impossible for an agency to adopt rules on a subject over which the federal government has adopted rules or passed legislation.

Section 4 also requires an agency to determine that the likely costs of a rule justify its likely benefits. While the original bill required agencies to consider the economic and environmental consequences of adopting a rule, the cost benefit analysis approach in section 4 goes beyond that requirement. This provision mandates a time consuming, expensive and controversial process. Although it is appropriate for agencies to consider the benefits and costs of their actions, many of the factors which should be considered, such as health, safety and environmental concerns, do not lend themselves to a formal cost-benefit determination.

 Section 4 also requires agencies to determine that there are no reasonable alternatives proposed during the rule-making process which are less burdensome on those required to comply. This criteria creates the unacceptable assumption that impacts on the regulated community should be the only consideration for an agency when it adopts a rule. Agencies should also consider the cost to the taxpayers, to the environment and to the public's safety.

Section 4, in combination with section 5, was identified by state agencies as being particularly expensive to implement. The legislature did not appropriate funds in the supplemental budget to defray the added costs which this section would impose. For all of the above reasons, I am vetoing section 4.

Section 5 applies only to rules subject to the provisions of section 4. Therefore, I am also vetoing section 5.

Section 6 amends an existing statute which allows a person to petition an agency to adopt, amend, or repeal a rule, by allowing an appeal of an agency's decision to the governor. Section 6 directs the petitioner to address several specific factors which the agencies are not required to consider when they engage in rule-making. By including these as elements of the petition, the implication is made that they are also standards for rule adoption when in fact they are not. For this reason, I am vetoing section 6.

Section 13 is a new section which incorporates part of the requirements currently included in RCW 19.85.060. Section 13 states that an agency is not required to prepare a small business economic impact statement if the rule is adopted in order to comply with federal law. RCW 19.85.060, which section 13 replaces, provides that an agency is not required to prepare the statement if the rule is adopted to comply with federal law or regulation. While this may have been an inadvertent action by the legislature, deletion of these words increases the circumstances under which agencies will need to prepare an impact statement even though the rule is required by the federal government. For this reason, I am vetoing section 13.

Section 16(2) repeals RCW 19.85.060, which contains the exemption addressed in section 13. Because I am vetoing section 13, I am also vetoing section 16(2).

Section 20 gives the Joint Administrative Rules Review Committee (JARRC) the ability to establish a rebuttable presumption in judicial proceedings that a rule does not comply with the legislature's intent. The Task Force included this recommendation in its report. It has been my wish to sign into law those recommendations in this bill which accurately reflect the recommendations of the Task Force. However, I have serious concerns about the constitutionality of this provision under the separation of powers doctrine. A committee of the legislature cannot be given authority to invalidate a rule. See, Immigration &

Naturalization Service v. Chadha, 462 U.S. 919 (1983). Allowing a committee of the legislature to affect the legal status of an agency rule adopted in compliance with all statutory procedures is an unwarranted intrusion into the role of the executive branch.

Through section 19 of the bill the legislature's authority, to object to rules is enhanced by lowering the threshold vote necessary for JARRC to recommend suspension of a rule. In addition, if the governor does not suspend the rule, section 19 provides that JARRC's recommendation is treated by the agency as a petition to repeal the rule. JARRC also may recommend to the full Legislature corrective legislation if it is dissatisfied with the agency's response to its objections. These are appropriate means to increase the authority of JARRC. For these reasons, I am vetoing section 20.

Section 23 addresses the issue of technical assistance and its relationship to enforcement. The original bill included a provision requiring agencies to provide technical assistance as an alternative to traditional enforcement approaches. This provision was based on successful programs in the Department of Ecology and the Department of Labor and Industries. Many other agencies have also developed similar approaches to enforcement. Section 23 goes beyond this positive approach to technical assistance by allowing a business which requests assistance from a selected set of state agencies to avoid penalties for violation of any rules administered by the agency unless the business has previously violated the same rule or does so knowingly. While I support increased technical assistance from agencies and will include this in my Executive Order, I cannot support the idea that ignorance is an excuse to violate state rules. This provision will be more likely to further the confrontational approach many businesses have complained about instead of fostering cooperation between business and state regulators.

There is also a serious question about the constitutionality of this provision since it applies only to business entities. Article 1, section 12 of the Washington Constitution prohibits the granting of privileges and immunities to corporations that are not available to all others. Many individual citizens, as well as cities and counties, are required to comply with the same statutes and rules as businesses. They are not afforded the same favorable treatment this section would provide to business. For these reasons, I am vetoing section 23.

Section 25 modifies the requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act relating to the exhaustion of administrative remedies. A reference to the appeal provided for in section 6 is added. Since I have vetoed section 6, this section is also vetoed.

Sections 34 and 35 were added to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2510 by the Conference Committee and received no discussion or debate prior to that time. They require city and county governments to expend considerable resources to coordinate their regulatory activities with the state and federal governments. As with so many sections of this bill, the goals of these two sections are sound. However, the requirements imposed by these two sections will only burden cities and counties without any benefit of the topic of coordinating local and state permitting and regulatory decisions is under active consideration by the Task Force. It is premature to enact these sections at this time. I am therefore vetoing sections 34 and 35.

With the exception of sections 4, 5, 6, 13, 16(2), 20, 23, 25, 34, and 35, Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2510 is approved."